Your own radio astronomy project

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ASTRON

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DARA Unit 4, Zambia (2019)

Your own radio astronomy project

Session objective

- Develop your own radio astronomy project
- ② Learn to write an observing proposal for your project
- S Convince us why your project should be observed.



Life-cycle of a project

• Progress of a typical scientific project



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Life-cycle of a project

• Most of this workshop, we saw how to calibrate and image radio data.



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Life-cycle of a project

• In this session, you will do the activities that come before data analysis.



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Structure of a typical proposal

- In addition to sources to observe and frequency bands to use, proposals contain:
- Scientific justification
 - Explain the scientific background & goals of your proposal.
- Technical justification
- Examples from VLA:
 - Scheduling constraints?
 - Will the new data be combined with other radio telescopes?
 - Explain your choice of receiver (i.e.) frequency range?
 - What sensitivity is required for your science?
 - Do you expect any imaging problems you might expect?
 - ► How much RFI do you expect? For the VLA, declination range 0° to -10° is affected by geosynchronous satellites.

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- Use these questions to guide your work:
 - Which telescope to use?
 - Why is this telescope/array better than others?
 - Which object to observe and why?
 - Are there other data (radio or otherwise) that can be used?
 - What do you expect to find in the end?

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Good luck!

